



Sudan Busted Illegal Eritrean Security Apparatus in Khartoum

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PART - 1

Quite recently the United Eritrean Democratic Front unexpectedly shocked the Diaspora communities as well the Eritrean media with the flows of the blazing espionage news, which took place in the Sudan.

Extra ordinary Job by Ordinary Organization

On March 3, 2017 the U.E.D.F published a spy ring story, which happened inside the Sudan. The story gave detailed information of a busting by the Sudanese Security against the covert operatives belonging the fascist leader Isayas Afeworki.

The story revealed for the first time an ordinary organization like U.E.D.F. doing an extra ordinary job in espionage. Implementing and mastering espionage has been an exclusive right of the regime of Asmara. Now the U.E.D.F. have proved themselves they have the qualified skill for espionage and counter espionage.

U.E.D.F. provided the government of Khartoum with valuable intelligence, which assisted Khartoum to make a successful bust against the espionage operatives of Isayas. The Sudanese government seized guns, passports, cash, computers and mobile phones after they busted a building that belonged to the operatives of Isayas.

It is an example of how an ordinary Eritrean organization plays vital role in restoring the national interest of a prominent African state by providing vital intelligence to that state. This is a definitive milestone in the history of achievements by the Eritreans. The momentum has truly come in favor of the Eritreans who have been fighting Isayas for decades.

Both 1973 and 1994 were the fateful years for everyone. My exploration painted these years as the dilemma years for Eritrea.

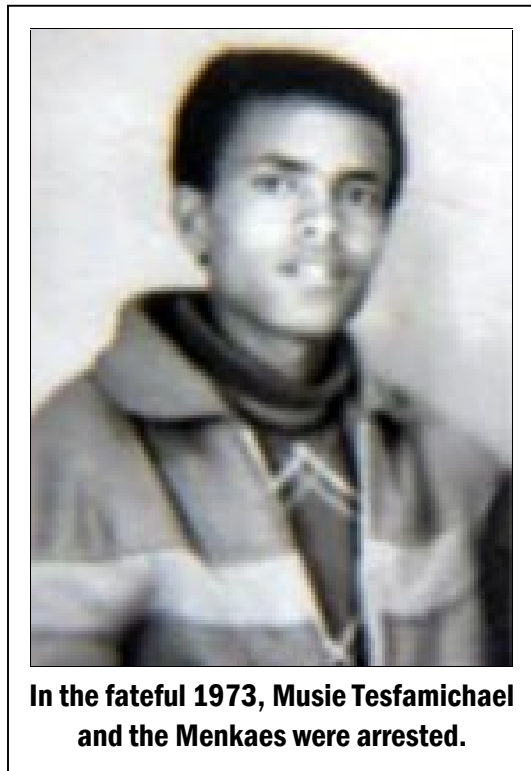
The Birth of The Shadow

Isayas Afeworki went off track beginning in 1973 after he decided to incarcerate the members of Menkae Menqsqas. In hindsight the Menkaes wouldn't be big treat to his hegemony in the 70s.

Had Isayas chose a gentle approach toward the Menkaes, they would have melted away gradually. Finally Isayas would win because he had the greatest charm as the best leader in those maiden years of the revolution. After securing a bunch of ELF-PLF fighters from the Right Honorable Osman Saleh Sabe he would have sailed smoothly to a lasting fame and honor.

1973 was the first fateful year for Isayas, the Eritrean Peoples Liberation and for the rest of Eritreans. In that year Isayas blundered terribly by deciding to follow the route of the blood bath. In that year he arrested the Menkaes, which were not warranted for prisons in their true nature. With their arrest came their doom and the demise of democracy in Eritrea forever.

It was a misfortune for Isayas as the route of blood bath he followed was unnecessary to secure the already secured leadership. Blood bath would lead to more blood baths. More blood baths would eventually require tough and rough control. Hence inside the E. P. L. F. a mysterious organ was born called Hubue Selfi or "The Shadow".



In 1974, Isayas crafted a fully functional clandestine organ called the Eritrean People's Revolutionary Party, commonly known as Hubue Selfi. This was The Shadow that controlled all aspects of the life of Tegdelti and the leadership of the E. P. L. F.

By 1976, The Shadow completely controlled E.P.L.F. The grip of The Shadow toughened with each passing year.

By 1977 Isayas became the undisputed ruler of the organization. E. P. R. P. rendered the Central Committee to be a useless leadership. Also the Polit Bureau became a blank cabinet of the E.P.L.F. Isayas seized all the powers of the E.P.L.F. and he micro managed everything in the organization.

From 1977 to 1987 the blood bath intensified as the mass killing of all the radical elements and moderates took place secretly within the E.P.L.F. Horrible torture methodologies were introduced in the Halewa Sawra. No liberation movement in the world had ever silencers in its arsenal but the E.P.L.F.



Right Honorable Osman Saleh Sabe of ELF-PLF was killed in a cold blood in a hospital of Cairo.

By 1981 the Eritrean Liberation Front was totally wiped out from the face of Eritrea by a joint E.P.L.F. - T.P.L.F. attack.

By 1985 the last remnants of the Menkaes were liquidated under Isayas's order at Halewa Sewra.

By 1987 The Shadow grew in number to about 500. Ten years ago The Shadow was less than 100 strong.

The Shadow expanded into the Sudan, Egypt, Yemen and Saudia Arabia. Elimination against any contender or former contender to Isayas took place in Sahel, the Sudan, Egypt or Saudi Arabia. Assassinations by The Shadow against ex-E.L.F. leaders became common throughout the Sudan during the 80s.

Ibrahim Afa who was a member of the Polit Bureau and the Military Chief of the E.P.L.F. was assassinated in his office, in Agamet, Sahel by The Shadow using a silencer, in March 1983. The head of the Eritrean Liberation Front - Popular Liberation Forces the Right Honorable Osman Saleh Sabe was killed in a cold blood type of assassination in April 4, 1987 in a hospital in Cairo, Egypt.



Polit Bureau member and E.P.L.F. Military Chief Ibrahim Afa was assassinated in his office.

Some Eritreans who were marked by The Shadow were snatched from the Sudan or Saudi Arabia. They were secretly transported at night to Sahel by Toyotas 4X4 or by boats which crossed the Red Sea from Yemen.

[Shall continue on PART - 2](#)